SDS NO: 4017



1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE PRODUCT AND COMPANY

Product Details:

Product Name 6.03 Thinner

Other Names(s) Pitakote Thinner, Epoxy Thinner

Recommended Use Thinner / Diluent

Product Code 67603 DG Class/es 3.6 and 9 UN No: 1263

Supplier Details:

Company APCO COATINGS (NZ) LIMITED

14 Ron Driver Place, East Tamaki, Auckland 2163, New **Address**

Zealand 09 273 3041 Telephone Fax 09 273 3045

E Mail contact@apconz.co.nz Web www.apcocoatings.co.nz

Emergency Telephone Numbers:

NZ POISON 0800 POISON (0800 764 766) CHEMWATCH 0800 CHEMCALL (0800 243 622)

NZ Emergency

111 **Services**

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Clasification of the mixture:

Hazchem Category:	3.1B, 3.1C, 6.1C, 6.1D, 6.1E, 6.3A, 6.3B, 6.4A,6.7B, 6.8B, 6.9B, 9.1D, 9.3B, 9.3C
GHS Classification & Legend	Information extracted from the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) and the HSNO Act equivalent
Determined By Chemwatch us-Inf:	No Information at hand
GHS/HSNO Criteria:	

HSNO-Physical 3.1C Substance is harmful through combustion

GHS Category 3

HSNO-Physical 3.1B Substance is harmful through combustion

GHS Category 2

HSNO-Health 6.1C Substance is toxic if exposed through the skin, ingested or inhaled.

GHS Catgory 1,2, and 3

HSNO-Health 6.1D Substance is toxic if exposed through the skin, ingested or inhaled.

GHS Category 4

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HSNO-Health 6.1E Substance is toxic if exposed through the skin, ingested or inhaled.

GHS Category 5

HSNO-Health 6.3 A, Skin corrosion/irritation

• GHS Category 2

HSNO-Health 6.3B Skin corrosion/irritation

GHS Category 3

HSNO-Health 6.4 A, Substance that is irritating to the eyes.

GHS Category 2A-2B

HSNO-Health 6.7B, Substance is harmful as a carcegin and may cause cancer

GHS Category 2

HSNO-Health 6.8B, Substance is toxic to reproductive systems

GHS Category 2

HSNO-Health 6.9B, Substance is toxic to specific organs through a single exposure

GHS Category 2

HSNO-Health 9.1D, Substance is toxic to the aquatic environment

GHS Category 2, 3 and 4

HSNO-Health 9.3B, Substance is toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

GHS Category N/A

HSNO-Health 9.3C. Substance is toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

GHS Category N/A

Visible Identification:

GHS Label:











Danger Keep out of the reach of Childern.

Hazard Statement:

As of March 2009, the relevant New Zealand regulations under the <u>Hazardous</u> <u>Substances and New Organisms Act 1996</u> do not specify the exact wording required for hazard statements. The following hazards recognised by the GHS apply to this product with the severity dependant on the exposure levels:

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Physical Hazard (s)

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Health Hazard (s)

H302: Harmful if swallowed

H303: May be harmful if swallowed

H305: May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways

H312; Harmful in contact with skin

H313: May be harmful in contact with skin

H315: Causes skin irritation

H316: Causes mild skin irritation

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319: Causes serious eye irritation

H320: Causes eye irritation

H332: Harmful if inhaled

H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H335: May cause respiratory irritation

H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Enviromental Hazard (s)

H402: Harmful to aquatic life

H432: Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

H433 Harmful to terrestrial vertebrates

No Information is available on the product in regards to aquatic toxicity.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION OF INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS Number	Proportion
Xylene	1330-20-7	60-85%
Ethyl Benzene	100-41-4	6-26%
2-Methyl Propan-1-ol	78-83-1	8-15%
1-MethoxyPropanol Acetate	108-65-6	5-15%
2-pentanone, 4- methyl	108-10-1	5-15%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures:

Eye Contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water and remove contacts where possible, ensure that the eyes are flushed for 20 minutes with the eyes wide open. If the person feels

tor 20 minutes with the eyes wide open. If the person feels unwell or irritation persists then take those exposed to the

doctor.

Skin Contact

Immediately wash affected area on the skin with soap and water for 20 minutes and ensure clothing and

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Inhalation



footwear is removed immediately if possible. Seek medical advice if large areas of skin are involved or

irritation persists.

Exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause eye

and respiratory tract irritation, headaches,

dizziness, nausea, uncoordination, drowsiness, and loss of consciousness. Immediately remove the person to a fresh air environment away from harm. **If their breathing is**

difficult give them oxygen and or give cardiopulmonary Resusitation if breathing has stopped. if breathing difficulties persist take them to the doctor immediately.

Keep the victims head below their hips while vomiting

Keep the victims head below their hips while vomiting.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

seek medical advice immediately

Advice to Doctors: Treat symptomatically based on the degree and type of exposure.

Emergency overview:

Ingestion (Swallowed)

- May be toxic if absorbed through the skin or inhaled.
- May cause severe eye and skin irritation.
- May cause repiratory tract sensitisation.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Hazards from combustion products:

This Product is flammable with flashpoint of 25°C.

Extinguishing Media:

Alcohol-resistant foam (prefered) if this is not available normal foam can be used, carbon dioxide (CO₂) dry chemical, as extinguishing methods.

Do not use water jets

Precautions in connection with fire:

Fire Fighters should wear full protective clothing and self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode. In case of fire the product maybe violently or explosively reactive. Use water spray to disperse vapours

Do not allow run off from firefighting to enter drains or water courses, fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedure:

Clear area of all unprotected personnel and notify local authorities where contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred, advise local emergency services. Wear appropriate protective equipment and respirators where mist or vapors exist in unknown quantities.

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- · If inhalation risk exists, use with local exhaust ventilation.
- Open windows and doors.
- Vapours are heavier than air.
- · Place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.

Large amounts: Do not allow the product to enter drains, sewers or waterways. Dike and soak up with inert material such as dry sand, vermiculite, and activated chracoal. Remove liquid to containers for recovery using non sparking tools and equipment and separate inert material to containers away from the recovered liquid. Ensure the clean up of this material in accordance with local authority by laws.

Disposal and cleaning of equipment: Dispose of waste generated from the clean up of this material in accordance with local authority by laws. All cleaning aides and equipment must be cleaned without letting the waste run into waterways, drains and sewers etc.

Methods and materials for containment and clean up: Dispose of waste generated from the clean up of this material in accordance with local authority bylaws. All cleaning aides and equipment must be non sparking can be cleaned with water.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Wear overalls, impervious gloves and safety glasses.

Precautions for safe handling:

- · Read product label and instructions before use
- · Avoid skin and eye contact and breathing in vapour
- Wear chemical type approved safety goggles, and neoprene and impervious gloves and protective clothing.
- · Wash hands with soap and water after use.

Conditions for safe storage:

- · Do not store near acids and keep away from oxidising agents
- Store in cool, dry, well ventilated place and out of direct sunlight
- · Keep container tightly closed.
- · Store at room temperature-do not freeze
- · Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
- Segregate from food and feed sources
- Avoid release to the environment.
- · Do not contaminate drinking water, through storage or disposal.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Health Exposure Standards: (N/A Not available in WES)

Source Material TWA STEL Peak Notes

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

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Exposure Controls: wear the appropriate PPE

Personal Protection

рΗ











9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Colourless clear liquid no data available

Solubility in water (g/l) Immiscible

Flash Point (°C) 25°C

Boiling Point (°C) no data available
Melting point / freezing point (°C) no data available
Vapour Pressure no data available

Specific Gravity (Kg/Ltr) 0.81-0.91

% of Volatile (wt) no data available

N/A

VOC (g/l) no data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability
Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling
There is a possibility of explosion if subject to heat sources

Hazardous reactions or open flame and sparks.

Reactivity There is a possibility of hazardous reactions.

Conditions to avoid

Store away from, heat, flames and sparks. Do not store

near strong oxidising agants

Hazardous
decomposition
Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes

products

Incompatible materials Avoid contact with strong oxidising agents and acids.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects:

- Harmful if swallowed and if it enters airways
- Harmful in contact with skin and could cause mild to serious skin irritation
- Mild to serious irritation when it comes in contact with eyes
- May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled and may cause a mild to serious reaction.
- This product has components within its composition that are suspected of causing cancer

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- This product has components within its composition that are suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
- May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Environmental hazard:

Harmful to aquatic life and also terrestrial vertebrates

Toxicity: Exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause eye and respiratory tract irritation, headaches, dizziness, nausea, uncoordination, drowsiness, and loss of consciousness may occur.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Large amounts: Do not allow the product to enter drains, sewers or waterways. Dike and soak up with inert material such as dry sand, vermiculite. Remove liquid to containers for recovery and separate inert material to containers using non spark equipment and away from the recovered liquid. Ensure the clean up of this material in accordance with local authority by laws.

Disposal and cleaning of equipment: Dispose of waste generated from the clean up of this material in accordance with local authority by laws. All cleaning aides and equipment must be cleaned without letting the waste run into waterways, drains and sewers etc.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods:

Dispose of waste generated from the clean up of this material in accordance with local authority bylaws. Ensure that licenced contractors and or approved handlers dispose of the product and its containers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Required visible identification (Labels):



HAZCHEM 3YE

Land Transport (UN):

UN Number 1263
Packing Group III
UN proper shipping name Thinner

Environmental hazard Follow spill information clause (6)

Transport hazard class(es) Class 3,6 and 9 and must comply with the rail, Land

Transport Rule 45001/1 & NZS 5433

Special precautions N/A

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Air Transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR):

UN Number 1263
Packing Group III
UN proper shipping name Thinner

Environmental hazard Contain and follow spill information clause (6)

Transport hazard class(es) Class 3,6 and 9 and must comply with

AirCivil Aviation Rule Part 92, ICAODangerous

GoodsNZ and International

Special precautions N/A

Sea Transport (IMDG-Code / GGV See):

UN Number 1263
Packing Group III
UN proper shipping name Thinner

Environmental hazard Contain and follow spill information clause (6)

Transport hazard class(es) Class 3,6 and 9 and must comply with

Sea Maritime Rule 24A and IMDG Dangerous Goods NZ

and International

Special precautions N/A

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Reference material:

- EPA January 2012 EPA0094, Labelling of hazardous substance.
- EPA January 2012 EPA0125, Correlation between GHS and New Zealand HSNO Hazard Classes and Categories.
- HSNO act 1996 and Dangerous Goods 2005 and all subsequent amendments.
- Workplace Eposure Standards for Airborne containments (ISBN 978-1-74361-055-8) Online pdf
- Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at work Regulations 2016
- · Sea Maritime Rule 24A and IMDG Dangerous Goods NZ and International
- · AirCivil Aviation Rule Part 92, ICAODangerous GoodsNZ and International
- Rail Land Transport Rule 45001/1 & NZS 5433

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16. OTHER INFORMATION

Definitions and abbreviations:

CAS NoChemical Abstract Number

ERMA Environmental Risk Management Authority

PC-TWA Permissible Concentration – Time Weighted Avarage PC-STEL Permissible Concentration – Shot Term Exposure Limit

HSNO Hazaradous Substance and New Organisms

WES Workplace Exposure Standard

TEEL Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit

IDLH Immediately Dangarous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF Odur Safety Factor

NOAEL
No Observed Adverse Effect Level
LOAEL
Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV Threshold Limit Value
LOD Limit Of Detection
OTV Odur Threshold Value
BCF BioConcentration Factors
BEI Biological Exposure Index
STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

Note:

The information in this SDS was obtained from sources, which we believe were reliable at the time of creating this SDS. However, the information is provided without any presentation or warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its accuracy. The information and recommendations herein, are to the best of our knowledge, true and accurate. No Warranty, express or implied is made or intended.

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